Programmable Switch Mode Power Supplies PS5000 Series

User Manual



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Programmable Switch Mode Power Supplies PS5000 Series

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Programmable Switch Mode Power Supplies PS5000 Series

- Compact 3 U size
- Fast transient response
- High slew Rate
- Interface RS232, RS485, USB
- Model with Output Voltage 16 V 1000 V, 5 KW Power

The PS5000 Series power supply is designed for compact 3 U size with user friendly operation and higher efficiency.

This power supply offers fast up programming time allowing creation of multiple complex waveforms. Transient response better than 100 us, ensures that the output of the power supply recovers much faster and remains constant and oscillation free for dynamic loads.

Power supply can be remotely controlled programmed through any of interface analog programming, USB, RS232 or RS485. Power supply can be programmed from 0 to full scale voltage and current. SCPI compatible commands offer flexibility in programming in system integration. Power capabilities can be added by connecting four power supply units in parallel or in series up to 600V.

With various protection features, over voltage protection, over voltage interlock, under voltage interlock, short circuit protection, fold back etc. protects expensive loads circuits in testing. Fold back protection allows to set precise maximum current to be allowed, which when exceed output gets disabled. User selectable last save memory, allows user to quickly start the testing from previous test conditions.

This power supply unit works on 3-phase $440 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $47 \text{ Hz} \sim 63 \text{ Hz}$. Power factor correction also provides to ensure low harmonic content.

Safety instructions

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The general safety instructions and symbols must be observed during all phases of operation of this instrument. Failure to comply with these precautions or with specific warnings or instructions givens in this manual violates safety standards of design, manufacture, and intended use of the instrument. Scientific assumes no liability for the customer's failure to comply with these requirements.

- Before applying power, verify all the safety precautions are taken, make all the connections firm.
 - Make sure the protective ground of the unit is connected with system ground.
- Always operate the instrument only in prescribed operating conditions.
- Do not modify the instrument, This instrument is designed to meet all the safety and operating conditions. Any modification done may not be complying to the safety requirement and instrument may be damaged, causing hazardous conditions.

Environmental conditions

Please do not operate the instrument in the place that vibrates, dusty, under direct sunlight or where there is corrosive air. The Scientific Power supplies are designed for safety, applies to following conditions.

- Indoor use.

- -Ambient temperature 0 ~ 50°C non condensing 75% RH, 0~40°C non condensing 95% RH
- Altitude up to 3000 meters
- Pollution degree 2

Installation category

These instruments are designed for installation category II, Over voltage category II.

Grounding

The instrument ground must be well connected to instrument chassis of AC power mains input supply. The instrument must be connected through three conductor power cable, with the ground wire firmly connected to the electrical safety ground of power outlet. Any interruption in protective ground conductor, or disconnection will cause potential hazard that might cause personal injury.

Mains Input rating

This power supply unit is designed for specific mains input connections, as specified in the Technical specifications. Do not use AC supply exceeding the limits. For safety reasons the mains AC may should not fluctuate more than \pm 10 % of nominal voltage.

Fuse

Fuses must be changed by authorized Scientific service personal only for continued protection against risk and safety.

Live circuits

There are no serviceable part or alignment required by Operating personnel. Operator must not remove the instrument cover. No internal adjustment or component replacement is allowed by non-Scientific authorised qualified personnel. Never replace components with power cable connected. To avoid injuries, always disconnect power, discharge circuits and remove external voltage source before touching components.

Safety symbols

Caution !

Caution ! : Denotes a hazard. Failure to follow instructions could result in minor personal injury and/or property damage. Follow the instructions for proper procedures.

Warning !

Warning ! : Denotes a hazard. Failure to follow instructions could result in **SEVERE** personal injury and/or property damage. Follow the instructions for proper procedures.

Symbols marked on instruments



Attention refer to the manual.



 ${\it Hazardous\, voltage\, exists, {\bf Caution\, !}\, Electric\, shock.}$



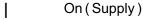
Indicates Protective Ground Terminal



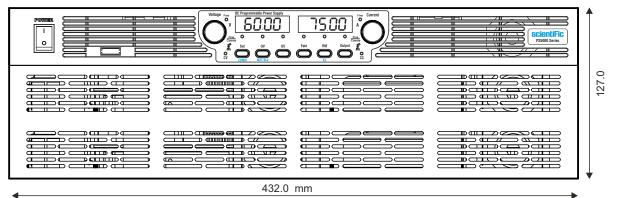
Indicates Ground Terminal



Off (Supply)

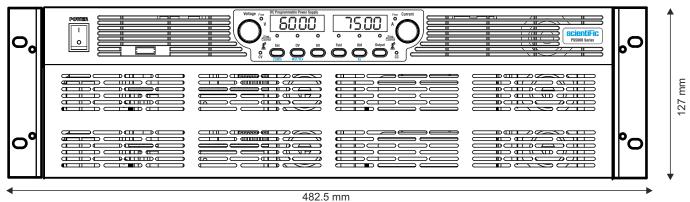


Power supply outline drawings - Dimension Front panel when unit is used on table top :



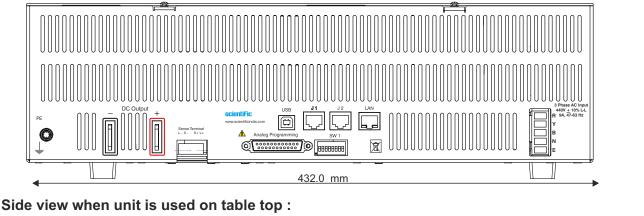
Note : Height excluding instrument feet

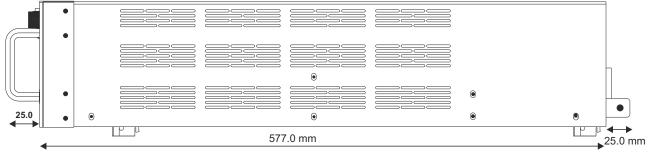
Front panel when unit is mounted in 19" rack cabinet :

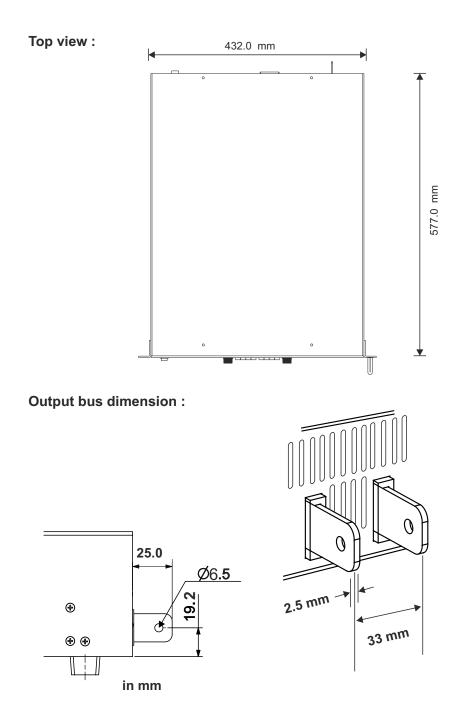


Note : When the power supply unit is mounted in 19" rack cabinet, instrument feet are removed and side rack mounting handle assemblies are fitted on both side.

Rear panel when unit is used on table top :





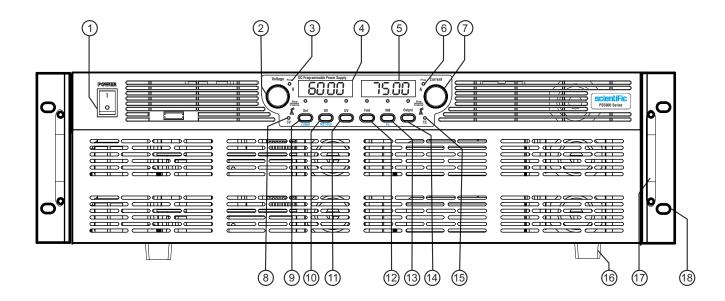


Chapter 1 Panel controls

The logical arrangement of the controls allows anyone to familiar with the operation of the equipment after a short time, however, even experienced users are also advised to read through these instructions so that all functions and the safety are understood. if the equipment is not used as described in this manual, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

1.1 Front panel controls

The front panel controls are arranged erogonimically to ease in operation with indicators. Before using the power supply unit, please read the following explanation to each control and connectors.



1 AC Power Switch	:	Mains AC power ON/Off control, when switched to	ON, supplies main AC power
-		to unit.	

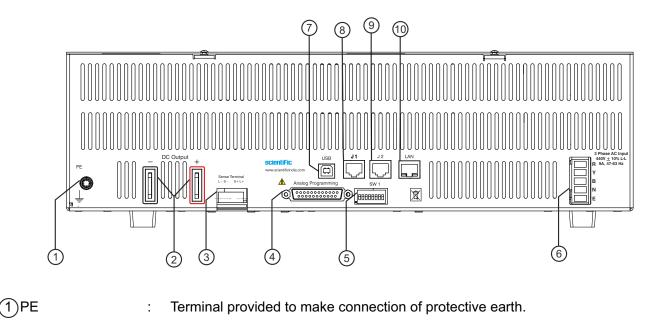
- (2) Voltage control : Voltage control encoder for setting the voltage. When pressed, it gives fine adjustment control. It is also used for setting the over voltage, under voltage level settings. When used with Menu, it is used for setting the parameters in Menu selection.
- (3) & (6) Fine (LED) : When Fine setting in Voltage / Current is selected Fine LED is lit. Red shows fine adjustment and green shows super fine adjustment.
- (4) Display Voltage : 4 digit display for setting and measured of output voltage. When used in combination with OV, it displays over voltage setting. When used with Menu it displays parameters.
- (5) Display Current : 4 digit display for setting and measured of output current. When used with Menu it displays parameters.
- (7) Current control
 : Current control encoder for setting the current limits. When pressed, it gives fine adjustment control. When used with Menu, it is used for setting the parameters in Menu selection.
- (8) CV LED indicator : LED indicator for CV, lights when power supply is in constant voltage mode.
- 9 Set & Comm
 Push button control for selecting setting for voltage or current. When pressed in combination with "Fn" button, "Comm" mode selected. Comm mode used for

communication parameters. Associated LED above the button, lights when voltage and current settings selected.

- (10) OV & MST/SLV : Push button control for selecting setting for over voltage. When pressed in combination with "Fn" button, "MST/SLV" mode selected. MST/SLV mode reserved for future development.
- UV : Push button control for selecting setting for under voltage. Associated LED above the button, lights when under voltage setting is selected.
- Fold
 Push button control for setting Fold function, to set, enable etc. it is used with "Fn" button. Associated LED lights when fold back protection enabled.
- RM & Fn
 Push button control for releasing instrument from Remote control. Associated LED above lights when instrument is in remote control mode. When pressed in local mode it acts as a "Fn" button.
- (4) Output : Push button to control DC output ON / Off. Associated LED above lights when the output is ON.
- (5) CC LED : LED indicator for CC, lights when power supply is in constant current mode.
- (16) Instrument Feet : Instrument feet, to be fixed when power supply unit is to be used on table. Else not needed when mounted in 19" rack cabinet.
- (17) Instrument handel : Mounted on either side of the power supply unit for lifting the unit while mounting in 19" rack cabinet.
- (18) Mounting holes : Mounting holes used in fixing the unit in 19" rack cabinet.

1.2 Rear panel controls

The rear panel is arranged with mains inlet connector, output terminals and communication ports etc. .



(2) – DC Output + : DC Output Bus bars, to connect the	load.
--	-------

(3) Sense Terminals	:	Remote sense terminals. Mating connector is provided with the instrument.
---------------------	---	---

(4) Analog Programming: 25 pin (F) D type connector for remote analog programming. Refer page 14 & 24 for details.

- (5) SW 1 : 10 Position DIP Set up switch , for settings various functions.
- 6 AC Input : 3-Phase AC mains inlet socket to power the instrument.
- (7) USB : USB "B" connector , to connect the power supply to computer for remote control operations.
- (8) & (9) J1- J2 : RJ45 connector , gives connections for RS232 & RS485 operations.

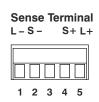
(10) RJ45 connector : Ethernet / LAN (Optional)

2.3 Sockets, connector description used on rear panel

The rear panel has different types off connections to other equipments for controlling, monitoring etc., followings are connections for quick understanding. Detailed description on each is in specific inside the manual.

Sense Terminal

Pin 1	L –	Local sense –
Pin 2	S –	Remote sense –
Pin 3	NC	Not connected
Pin 4	S +	Remote sense +
Pin 5	L +	Local sense +







SW 1 : 10 Pin DIP Set up switch

	DIP Switch Position	Up 🕇	Down 🌡
Pin 1	Reserved (keep it Down)		Down
Pin 2	Interlock	Enable	Disable
Pin 3	Output ON on mains	Last saved	Output OFF
	switched ON		
Pin 4	Not Connected		
Pin 5	Not Connected		
Pin 6	Not C onnected		
Pin 7	Current Programming	Analog	Front Panel
	Front Panel / Analog connector	Programming	
Pin 8	Not Connected		
Pin 9	Voltage Programming	Analog	Front Panel
	Front Panel / Analog connector	Programming	
Pin 10	Not Connected		

SW 1



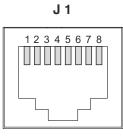
Switch settings shown in Default condition

Connector J1 (RJ45) RS232 / Rs485

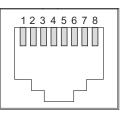
Pin 1	RS232 Rx
Pin 2	RS232 Tx
Pin 3	RS485 Rx –
Pin 4	RS485 Tx –
Pin 5	RS485 Tx +
Pin 6	RS485 Rx +
Pin 7	Not used, reserved for future, do not connect anywhere
Pin 8	Return ground

Connector J2 (RJ45) Master - Slave

Pin 1	Not Connected
Pin 2	Not Connected
Pin 3	Tx –
Pin 4	Rx –
Pin 5	Rx +
Pin 6	Tx +
Pin 7	Slave Connect
Pin 8	Return ground



J 2



1.4 Connection diagram for interface cables used

To connect the power supply unit for remote control, the connecting cable wiring diagram is given below.

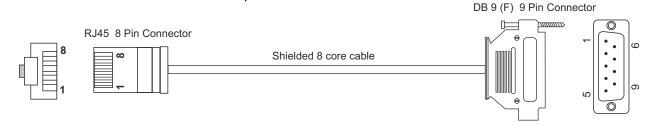
1.4.1 USB Cable

This is a standard USB cable connector type A to type B, used for connecting power supply to host (computer or others). This is supplied as standard accessories with the unit.



1.4.2 RS232/RS485 Cable

This is cable is end User specific depends on the connections to remote units, panels etc. One end of this cable is RJ45 (male) and other end is DB 9 (Female) connector. User can assemble it as per their required length, not more than 9 meter. Also available as optional accessories from Scientific.



8 Pin RJ4	15 Connector		DB 9 (F) C	onnector
Pin No.	Signal		Pin No.	Signal
1	Rx		3	Тх
2	Тх	-	2	Rx
3	RXD –	UTP Flat or shielded 8 core cable	8	TXD –
4	TXD –		7	RXD –
5	TXD +		6	RXD +
6	RXD +		4	TXD +
7	Internal use		1	Not connected
8	Signal ground		5	Signal ground

1.4.3 Analog programming cable

This is cable is end User specific depends on the connections to remote units, panels etc. To prepare cable, you will need standard DB 25 (male) connector, which connects the power supply rear panel at Analog programming connector, DB 25 (Female) connector. Depending on the required connection any good quality multi core shielded cable can be use. For pin details please refer Analog programming in chapter 4 for connections.

Analog programming connector

13	1
25	14

Pin 1	Interlock +
Pin 2	Ground Analog Programming
Pin 3	Ground Analog Programming
Pin 4	Reserved, Please do not connected any circuit to this pin !
Pin 5	Over Voltage Status
Pin 6	Over Temperature Status
Pin 7	Reference Voltage output 5.1 V
Pin 8	Not Connected
Pin 9	Voltage Programming input
Pin 10	Current Programming input
Pin 11	Voltage Monitoring Output
Pin 12	Ground Analog Programming
Pin 13	CV / CC Status
Pin 14	Interlock –
Pin 15	Remote Shut Down input
Pin 16	Power Supply status
Pin 17	DC Output ON status
Pin 18	Reserved, Please do not connected any circuit to this pin !
Pin 19	AC Fail status output
Pin 20	DC Fail status output
Pin 21	Remote Control status output
Pin 22	Ground Analog Programming
Pin 23	Ground Analog Programming
Pin 24	Current Monitoring Output
Pin 25	Not connected

Chapter 2 Installation

Your instrument is thoughtfully designed, manufactured, tested and inspected, found free of mechanical and electrical defects. When you receive the instrument, some inspections are necessary, and the condition must be understood and available before installing the instrument. Inspect the shipping container for damage if any after unpacking it. It is not recommended to use the instrument in the case of a damaged container. Keep all packing material until the inspection has been completed. If damage is detected, file a claim with carrier immediately and inform the Dealer, sales or authorized service facility nearest to you or Scientific.

If the contents in the container do not conform to the packing list, notify us or your dealer. Before putting this instrument in operation, make sure you go through the manual, safety and Cautions guidelines.

Ensure that the environmental conditions are fulfilled. Ensure that the instrument is not be used in place with vibrations, heating or exposed to sky, direct sunlight, for proper functioning and extensive life of service.

2.1 AC input mains connections

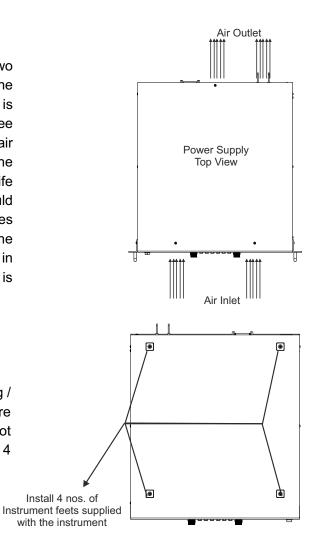
The mains AC socket (IEC compatible) is provided on the rear panel. Use the mains cord provided with the instrument, alternative ensure appropriate rating cable is used for connections as per the standard mains cord used in your country. This power supply unit is designed for 3-phase $440 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $47 \text{ Hz} \sim 63 \text{ Hz}$

2.2 Cooling

The power supply unit is forced air cooled, it has two internal fans, the speed of the fans depends on the temperature of internal heat sinks. The air movement is from front to rear. Allow approximately 10 cms of free space on front and rear of the instrument, for free air movement. This allows stacking power supplies one above other and in 19" rack cabinets. For prolonged life of the power supply, the inlet temperature of air should be below 35°C. The instrument control circuit senses heat sink temperature, power delivered and adjust the fan speed accordingly. Thus the speed is controlled in pulsating mode, during this period , high pitch sound is produced, this is normal.

2.3 Use of instrument on table top

The power supply does not need any additional fitting / assembly of part. Ensure that the instrument feet are mounted on bottom side of the power supply unit. If not using appropriate screw driver, fix the instrument feet (4 nos.) provided with unit.



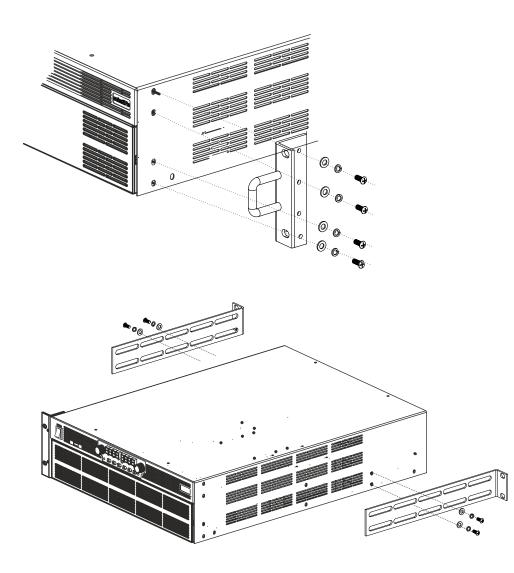
2.4 Use of instrument in 19" rack mounting cabinet

This power supply unit is designed to fit in standard 19" rack mount cabinet. it requires few parts to be installed before placing it in cabinet. This part 19" rear bracket is optional, can be ordered separately.

- 1. Use the front panel rack mount brackets and fix it on left and right side of the instrument as shown below. Figure below shows mounting of screws on right side, repeat the same for left side.
- 2. Use the rear panel support plate , if available , fix it on rear sides of the instrument, shown below. Else order the Rear Panel Support Plates optional available.

Caution !

Ensure that the supplied screws used for mounting only, else use appropriate screws of size M3x 6 mm. Ensure that they do not penetrate more than 6 mm inside.



2.5 First time operation power ON

Prior to power ON, ensure the followings,

- POWER On/Off switch on front panel is in Off position.
- There is no condensation on the unit, if any, allow some time to get it dry.
- DIP switch on the rear panel is set to down positions as shown below.



- Remote sense wires are connected as shown below, if not, make the connection as shown.

Pin 1	L–	Local sense –
Pin 2	S –	Remote sense –
Pin 3	NC	Not connected
Pin 4	S +	Remote sense +
Pin 5	L +	Local sense +

Ser L –		e Te		ina + L	
	<u>,</u>				
1	2	3	4	5	

3 phase AC Input 440 V + 10%

The five pin sense plug can be pulled out from the socket, place the wires and re-insert the plug in sense terminal socket.

2.5.1 AC mains input

This power supply unit is designed for 3-phase, 440 V + 10%, 47 Hz ~ 63 Hz

Caution !

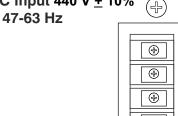
- The Power Supply Unit must be connected to mains inlet having earth connection.
- For safety the chassis of this unit is connected to protective earth potential.
- Do not interrupt earth connection, else chassis will be floated and unsafe. Personal touching in this case liable to get electric shock.
- Do not touch lead-wire connected with output terminal when the output is ON. Do not touch such parts immediately after output is cutoff. Failure to do so could result in serious injuries or could be fatal.
- When the mains cord is connected, even in power off conditions, few components in power supply unit is still connected to the AC mains. To avoid any electrical shock, first remove the mains cord, wait for two to three minutes, before opening the instrument cover.

2.5.2 Connecting to AC mains

- Connect the AC mains inlet cable, after ensuring correct AC mains availability.
- Switch the POWER switch to ON position.
- The display will light and display will show "OP OFF", this means the power supply is connected to AC mains and power supply is ready to use.
- Switch the POWER switch to Off position.

2.5.3 DC output check

- Connect the DVM/DMM in appropriate voltage range depending on power supply output voltage.
- Press the push button "Output", the associated output LED will light, indicating the output is available



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on bus bar at the rear panel.

- Rotate the Voltage control encoder, the displayed voltage will vary with encoder variation.
- Observe the DMM reading and check with power supply display reading, the DMM reading should be within the stated accuracies of the output voltage.
- The minimum voltage reading is close to zero to maximum voltage as per specification of the model.
- Press the push button "Output", the DC output will be switched off and output LED will be off.
- Switch Off the AC power switch.

2.5.4 DC constant current check

- Connect the DC shunt across the power supply output terminals with appropriate cables of current capacity. Ensure that the shunt and wire capacities are more than the power supply power.
- Connect the DMM in mV range across the DC shunt.
- Switch the POWER to ON position.
- Press the "Set" push button, the associated output LED will light, indicating that voltage and or current now can be set, before the output is switched ON.
- Rotate the Voltage control encoder, such that the voltage set is approx. 1.00 Volts
- Rotate the Current control encoder, such that the current set is approx. 1.00 A.
- Press the "Output" push button, the associated output LED will light, indicating the output is available on bus bar at the rear panel.
- Observe the DMM reading and compare it with the current displayed reading, it should be in specified accuracy.
- The minimum to maximum constant current can be checked with connecting the appropriate DC shunts.
- Press the push button "Output", the DC output will be switched off and output LED will be off.
- Switch off the AC power switch.

These two simple tests, ensure that the power supply is largely working and further can be checked and tested for the other modes and features after going through manual.

In Description chapter , all the features and modes are explained in details. Request to go through each for better understanding and use.

Chapter 3 Descriptions

3.1 Safety first - grounding

The power supply unit to be connected to the mains input as per the specification with firm protective earth grounding. The chassis of the unit is connected to ground potential. When the mains cord is connected, even in power off conditions, few components in power supply unit is still connected to the AC mains. To avoid any electrical shock, first remove the mains cord, wait for two to three minutes, before opening the instrument cover. Failure to do so will result in potential electric shock and serious injuries or could be fatal.

3.2 Input voltage

The power supply unit is designed for universal mains input. The mains input can be connected 3-phase, $440 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $47 \text{ Hz} \sim 63 \text{ Hz}$. The power supply cord must be used as per the country specific approved mains cord to avoid damage to unit and personal hazard.

There is no external fuse in the unit, a safety fuse is installed inside the unit. In event of fuse blown, the fuse must be replaced only by Scientific authorised service personal.

When power supply unit is switched ON, its inrush current is limited by internal circuitry. Switching ON and OFF at faster rate, may result in over heating of current limiter, resulting higher inrush current.

The power supply is designed with active power factor correction, therefore the power factor is very close to unity, also the input mains current is almost sine wave. It's standby power is also very low, resulting in very high efficiency and low losses - lower heat generation.

3.3 Operating conditions

3.3.1 Temperature and humidity

The power supply can be used safely at fully from $0 \sim 50$ °C, with a condition that the surrounding free air movement is maintained for cooling. The normal humidity in ambient condition do not pose any problem, the heat produced in the instrument is sufficient to keep it dry.

In case of any condensation, allow the time to get it dry, before the instrument is switched ON and kept in use.

When power supply is mounted in 19" cabinet, ensure the free air movement. Industries and environment, with chemicals in air, e.g. chemical process industries, galvanizing industries, should take extra care to isolate the power supply unit by installing it in a clean room. This aggressive atmosphere, reacts with electronic component, damaging the parts and copper tracks etc. reducing the product life to standstill.

3.3.2 Storage

The power supply unit when not in used, or for transportation, should be kept in dry place. It can be stored or transported from $-20 \sim 70^{\circ}$ C without any problems.

3.4 Thermal protection

The power supply unit has thermal protection, against internal temperature when exceeds the safe limit. This only happens when adequate air circulation is not provided or very high environment temperature or in case of any fault in the unit. When this condition occurs, the power supply output gets switched OFF, the front panel LEDs will display "OtP" and the OT signal appears at analog connector on the rear panel.

Allow some time to cool down the power supply unit, you may observe the cooling fan speed is high. Once the temperature reaches below the set safe limit, the speed of fan reduces and in few minutes and it may stop.

After recovery the output will switched ON automatically.



3.5 Cooling

The power supply has two fans to cool down the internal temperature. The fresh air is taken from front side and exit on rear side. There is no ventilation holes on top and bottom side, this allows number of power supplies can be stack one over other.

The speed of the fan is governed by internal circuitry, it starts at predefined temperature and power when drawn.

3.6 Output

The DC output of power supply unit is switchable to ON or OFF. This can be done by pressing the output switch on front panel or remotely using computer via RS232 / RS485 / USB/ LAN (optional if provided) using SCPI commands included in customer specific software. Through Interlock and RSD signal at analog programming connector at rear panel can switch OFF the output when used for safety or remote control.

The DC output is available on bus bar on the rear panel. The cable/ wire connected with the help of M5 bolt and nut provided.

The output can be either CV (constant voltage) with current limiting or CC (constant current) with voltage limiting. The transition of mode from CV to CC, depending on the load current is very sharp and respective LED indicators CV or CC will light on the front panel.

The power supply is fully protected against all type of overload conditions including short circuit at output.

The power supply has very low ripple and noise. If needed, the ripple and noise has to be measured directly on the sense terminals. To measure the ripple and noise very sensitive measuring instruments and probes are required. To measure the correct ripple amount, there are a few standardized methods for ripple and noise measurements. One of which is the JEITA-RC9131A standard.

3.7 Connecting the load

Caution !

Before connecting any output cables, turn OFF the output. While output is ON, there is potential electric shock hazard where the power supply models having output voltage greater than 40 V.

While connecting the cable, observe the following steps for precaution.

- Switch OFF the unit, disconnect the mains from the unit.
- Wait until the output capacitor gets discharge, for approximately 2 minutes.
- Connect the appropriate output cable on the output bus.
- If required connect the sense wires at load points, else local sense can be used.

Select the output cable / wire with power rating higher than the power supply unit ratings. The size and length of the output cable is such that at maximum load the drop across each line conductor does not exceed the maximum permissible line drop of 2 V / 5 V. If the drop is more load regulation may not be maintained. In addition, there will be unnecessary power loss in cables.

The output cable is terminated with appropriate size of Copper lug. While making connection, place the copper lug directly to the bus, followed by washers and bolt. If the sequence is not followed, contact resistance will be introduced between the output bus and the cable, will cause excessive heat at bus. To reduce the output line inductance, keep both positive and negative cable close to each other.

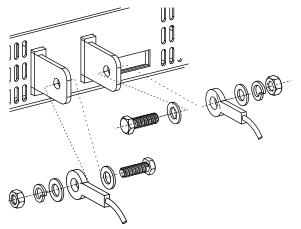
While connecting inductive loads, care must be taken to protect power supply unit from the spikes that may produced when output is switched ON and OFF. An appropriate rating of bypass diode should be connected at the output. The cathode of diode is connected to + ve output and anode to - ve output. The diode rating must be greater that the power supply voltage and

current ratings. Similarly when the inductive motors are connected as load, that may give back emf. This back emf may cause a damage to the power supply, if protective measures are not taken. Connect a suitable surge suppressor of voltage of say 10 % to 15% of the maximum voltage of power supply unit.

Ensure that the output cable/ wire connected on output terminal are securely tightened before applying the power.

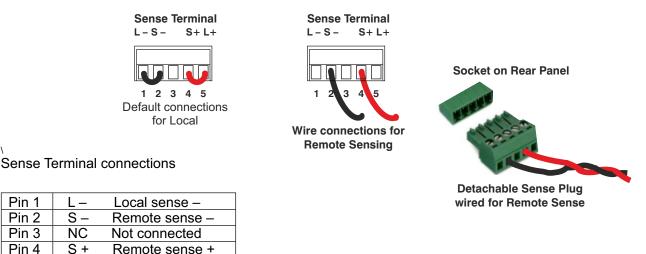
Remote sense +

Local sense +



3.8 Local and remote sensing

In most cases, local sensing is used. Power supply units are delivered with local sensing. On the rear panel, sense terminal block is provided. It has detachable connector plug. The plug is wired for local sensing as shown below.



If the voltage regulation is to be maintained at load point, external wires are to be connected to sense points. Connect the wiring as shown above in the plug and insert the plug in remote sense socket. Before detaching or connecting the sense wires, switch off the power supply output, and ac mains to the unit. Wait for two minutes, until the output get discharged.

To keep the minimum external interference, the cables/ wires used to connect must be twisted pair. The wires should have good insulation to avoid any electrical contact with other equipments, ground or so. The power supply is floated and has no reference to other electrical circuit, unless physically connected. Such as grounded positive power supply where the negative output terminal is connected to protective earth potential, similarly negative power supply where the positive output terminal is connected to protective earth potential.

Pin 5

1+

3.9 Constant voltage and constant current mode

Power supply can be used in either constant voltage mode - CV, or constant current mode - CC. The mode is indicated by front panel LEDs.

Care must be taken while measuring ripple current voltage, it must be measured on output directly, other wise few additional length of probe wire will add few mV of noise present in the field.

While using CC mode, do not use external Remote sense, otherwise it may add error in current set. While in CC mode DC fail signal will be generated usually.

3.10 Hold up time

Hold up time is the duration of time to which the output is available, when the mains ac input is switched OFF. This time depends on the load connected, lower the load current drawn higher will be the duration. If no load is connected, you will observe the display is still ON for some time, when AC power switched to OFF. This time helps the control system in power supply to communicate the failure of AC to other systems connected.

3.11 Over Voltage Protection

Over Voltage Protection (OV) protects the load / circuits connected to the set over voltage value. When OVP occurs, the output gets switched OFF. To enable the output, press the Output switch again. Thus it protects the load circuit, in the event of excess of output voltage in local or in remote mode of operation.

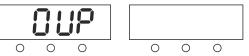
The minimum Over voltage can be set to approx. 105 % the set voltage or 1V. You can not set over voltage value lower than 1 V. The maximum over voltage can be set to approximately 105 % of the maximum settable voltage range.

When Over voltage protection is not required it should be set to the maximum value.

When over voltage occurs, the output gets switched OFF and display will show "OVP". And at the same time the OV LED on back panel will glow with OV interlock contact on Analog connector Pin2 & Pin 3 will gets open. To reset the OVP fault, press SET button, the OVP LED will off and OVP interlock contacts on Anlaog connector will short again.

If over voltage exist, the OVP fault cannot be reset.

To reset the power supply output, press the output ON/OFF switch. The power supply returns to previous state,



The setting of over voltage also works as over voltage limit, as it will not allow to set output voltage above.

3.12 Under Voltage limit

Under Voltage Limit (UV) limits the voltage setting. This useful in the event where test circuit input voltage should not go below certain level. By setting under voltage limit, it prevents accidental lowering the voltage. By using over voltage protection and under voltage limit, gives a window for sensitive circuits. Under voltage can be set from 0 V to 95% of the set output voltage. Under voltage can be set from front panel controls through Menu or from remote programming.

When under voltage occurs, the UV LED on back panel will glow with UV interlock contact on Analog connector Pin 5 & Pin 6 will gets open. To reset the UVP fault, press SET button, the UVP LED will off and UVP interlock contacts on Analog connector will short again.

If under voltage exist, the UVP fault cannot be reset.

To reset the power supply output, press the output ON/OFF switch. The power supply returns to previous state.

3.13 Fold back protection

To protect the sensitive load from the set current value or from short circuit conditions, Fold back protection is used. This function can be enabled or disabled, delay time can be set to desired time, fold on CV or CC can be set by programming with "Fn" button. When the function is enabled Fold LED will light. When the load current crosses set CV or CC value, the output will be switched OFF. The display will show "FOLd" Once the output is

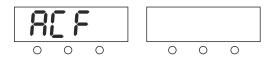
switched OFF, it can be reset, by pressing Output push button.



3.14 AC fail

The power supply is in use and it's mains AC input fails or it is low or it was intermittent because of bad power conditions, the power supply display will show "ACF". It remains until the power supply has energy to support the load and the output charge gets discharged. This depends on the load connected, normally in seconds.

To switch power supply again, first resolve the mains connections, and then switch ON power supply.



When power supply is in operation and you switch OFF the power supply, then also it will show the ACF on the display, however it is not a fault, just indication of AC mains switched OFF.

3.15 Analog programming

switch 7 & 9 moved up.

This programmable power supply can be controlled from remote analog inputs apart from the front panel controls. These inputs can be voltage signals or through programming resistors. On rear panel DIP switch enables power supply to be controlled through analog connector. In analog programming output voltage and current can be set externally both or either.

The maximum voltage and current settable from analog programming is limited by front panel voltage and current settings. Preferably while using analog programming, set the front panel voltage and current to maximum.

Rear panel switch SW1 set for remote external voltage programming, when DIP switch 9 is moved up. Current setting is from front panel.





Switch SW1 set for both voltage and current remote programming, DIP

Rear panel switch SW1 set for remote external current programming,

when DIP switch 7 is moved up. Voltage setting is from front panel.

To maintain the power supply isolation and to prevent the ground loops, use an isolated programming source.

The power supply analog input and output signals are very sensitive and precise, any external disturbances may lead to errors in setting and measurements. Use a shielded cables for the analog control signals, if unshielded cable is use, provide EMI filters, suppressor to the cable. Keep the cable lengths as short as possible.

Remote analog programming / controlling can be done in following ways;

1. By applying voltage levels to voltage and current set. These levels are standardized on 5V.

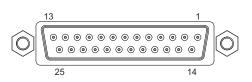
Apart from the setting the voltage and current, there are few status outputs are available which helps in remotely knowing the condition of power supply.

For measuring the voltage and current, monitor outputs are available in scale of 5 V pin 6 and 5 respectively, selectable on DIP switch. Note that, the Analog connector input signals for remote control, have reference to – ve output terminals and they are not floated. Wrong connection can cause earth loops, may cause faults. Care

must be taken before connecting the analog connector after ensuring.

Analog Connector Pin layout

L



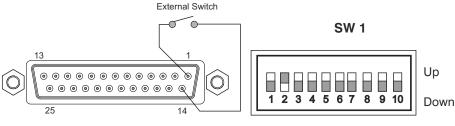
The Analog input output connector is D type 25 pin Female connector. Use appropriate mating connector always to give firm contacts and reliable connections.

3.16 Description of analog connector pins and their application

Pin1: Interlock + & Pin14 Interlock -

The interlock function is enabled by selecting from switch SW1 - Pin 3 is set to UP. Pin 1 of analog connector is passed through the external control switch to Pin 14 of analog connector. The power supply is kept in output ON. When the external switch is ON (shorted) the output will be available, if external switch is OFF (open) the output will be switched OFF.

It can be used in combination with door switch contacts, for safety in process room, cabinet, other application is as a Emergency Stop Switch.



Analog Programming Connector Pin 2, Pin 3, Pin 12, Pin 22, Pin 23 : Ground Analog Programming.

Pin 4: Reserved, do not connect any external circuitry!

Pin 5: Over Voltage status

When the over voltage occurs the status at pin 5 is updated, it goes low.

Pin 6 : Over Temperature status

When the inside temperature of the power supply unit increase beyond the set safe temperature, power supply output gets switched OFF and the status at pin 6 is updated. It goes low on over temperature, and remains until the normal conditions is attained.

Pin 7: Reference voltage output 5.1 V

When power supply is to be controlled through remotely using external potentiometers, this reference voltage can be used as reference supply to potentiometers. The potentiometer value must be 10 k Ohms or higher to avoid any loading effect on reference voltage.

Pin 8: Not connected

This pin is not used in this model, reserve for future use if any.

Pin 9 : Voltage programming input

In remote analog programming, to control the output voltage, V programming set value is fed to pin 9. The relation between the Vset and Vout is ;

for 5 V programming ;

Vset = (5 x Vout) / Vrated

where Vset is voltage to be fed to pin 9; Vout is required output voltage; Vrated is the rated output voltage of power supply unit, V rated is 100V, and we wish to set output to 50V, then Vset will be (5x50)/100 = 2.50 V

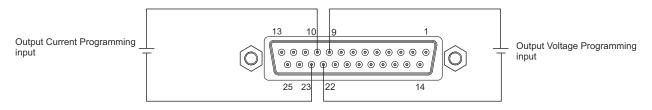
Pin 10 : Current programming input

In remote analog programming, to control the output current lprogramming set value is fed to pin 10. The relation between the lset and lout is;

for 5 V programming ;

lset = (5 x lout) / Irated

where Iset is voltage to be fed to pin 10; lout is required output current; Irated is the rated output current of power supply unit. I rated is 16.0 A, and we wish to set output to 8.00 A, then Iset will be (5x8)/16 = 2.50 V.



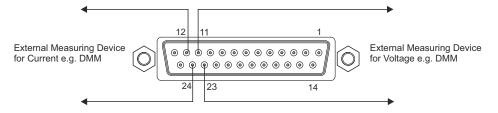
Pin 11: Voltage monitoring output ; Pin 24: Current monitoring output

In remote analog programming, you can monitor the output voltage and current on external measuring device e.g. on Digital Multimeter. These outputs are with reference Pin 12 and Pin 23 ground / return path. The relation between the Vmonitor and Vout is ;

Vmonitor for 5 V reference;

Vmonitor = (5 x Vout)/Vrated

where Vmonitor is output voltage from pin 11; Vout is output voltage; Vrated is the rated output voltage of power supply unit. V rated is 100V, and if the output voltage is 50.0V, then V monitor will be (5x50)/100 = 2.50 V.



Imonitor for 5 V reference;

Imonitor = (5 x Vout)/Vrated

where Imonitor is output voltage from pin 24; lout is output current; lrated is the rated output voltage of power supply unit. I rated is 16A, and if the output current is 8.0A, then I monitor will be (5x8.0)/16 = 2.50 V.

Pin 13 : CV / CC status

The status for CV and CC is

Power supply when in CV : Low Power supply when in CC : High

Pin 15 : Remote shut down On/Off

In remote programming, the output of power supply can be remotely switched OFF by applying TTL (5 V) at pin 15 of analog connector, with reference to ground at Pin 2. The power supply remain switched OFF, until the TTL voltage is goes 0V. Pin 16 : Power supply OK

When the power supply is working and there is no fault, the power supply status is updated on pin 16 as,

Power is OK : High ; Power supply is not OK : Low Pin 17 : DC output ON

The status for DC output is updated at pin 17 as

Power supply Output ON : High Power supply Output OFF : Low

Pin 18 : Not connected

This pin is not used. Please do not connected any circuit to this pin.

Pin 19: AC fail status output

While ac mains to the power supply is not available due mains failure or power supply mains switch is switched OFF the status is updated on pin 19.

AC mains available : High AC mains not available : Low

Pin 20: DC Fail status output

If the output voltage drops or increases 5 % above the set voltage, the status is updated at pin 20 as,

DC output within 5 % of set value : High DC output beyond 5 % of set value : Low

Pin 21 : Remote Control status output

When power supply unit is controlled remotely, the status updated at pin 21 as,

Power supply is in remote control : High Power supply is in local control : Low

Pin 25 :Not connected

3.17 Safe start - auto start mode

When the power supply AC mains switch is pressed, ON, the DC output state can be controlled. In some application where the output to regain it's original position as when it was switched OFF, is possible by selecting the mode from rear panel DIP switch SW1 setting.

To enable the output to previous state (before the power switch as OFF) move switch 4 to up.



To disable the output or to keep the output OFF on mains AC switch ON, keep the switch 4 to down.

3.18 Last save memory

When power supply is switched OFF, it records the setting and save it in memory. When next mains switched ON, the save setup is loaded.

Following settings are saved, with each mains switch OFF.

- 1. Set voltage
- 2. Set current
- 3. Over voltage level
- 4. Under voltage level
- 5. Fold setting
- 6. Baud rate
- 7. Communication mode
- 8. Power supply address
- 9. Last status of Output ON or OFF
- 10. Master/ Slave mode
- 11. Front panel locked / unlocked

3.19 Front panel locking

You can lock the front panel of power supply, to protect the settings against any accidental change of functioning of any push button pressed or encoder settings.

3.20 Remote control mode in RS232, RS485, USB & LAN

The PS series power supplies can be remotely controlled over RS232, RS485, USB & LAN. End user can use SCPI commands in their control software. All the front panel functions are available on remote host. When the power supply unit is remotely accessed, all the front panel control push buttons gets locked, except push button "Rm". By pressing push button "Rm", power supply returns to local control mode, and can be controlled from front panel. Remote also can be disabled from remote host.

To connect the power supply unit to remote host use appropriate connecting cable. The connecting ports are on rear panel of the unit. The cable wiring diagram is given in this manual helps to fabricate if not available and to ensure that the correct cable is being used.

From the front Menu setting, it is possible to select the interface to use RS232, RS485, USB or LAN, along with the respective parameter settings.

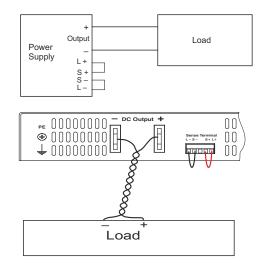
3.21 Connecting load

The load is connected on rear panel bus of power supply unit. The connecting wires/ cables should be of appropriate size, with good insulation. The power supply has floated output, this allows, if required the either of terminal can be connected to ground as per the load requirements. This means a positive or negative power supply can be configured.

While connecting load wire / cables, ensure that the power supply is switched OFF, wait for few minutes, until the output charge is discharged. Disconnect the mains, connecting the output wires and sense wires in local or remote sense as the case may be. Never change or remove the sense wire in power supply ON conditions, doing so it may cause a damage to the power supply unit as well as it's dangerous to do so for the person working on it.

Connecting single loads

The load can be connected in either in local sense or in remote sense mode. In case of local sense mode the sense points are at output bus, where as when precise regulation is required at load



points, the sense wires are connected across the load.

When the regulation is critical, remote sense to be used. Remove the local sense connections and move these sense wires to load end as shown in figure. While in remote sense, the sense wires should be twisted and or to be shielded to avoid any influence of surrounding noise. The sense wire length should be optimized to get the shortest length.

Connecting multiple load

Output

L +

S + S -L -

Power

Supply

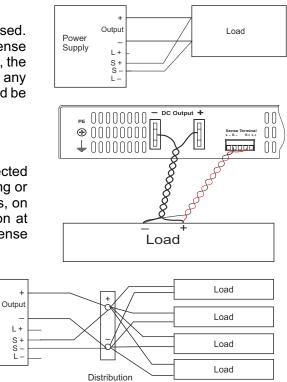
When connecting multiple load, the loads can be connected directly on the output bus of power supply with local sensing or the power supply output can be connected to common bus, on which the multiple loads can be distributed. The regulation at common bus can be maintained by connecting the remote sense wires on common bus.

Load

Load

Load

Load



Terminals

3.22 Connecting power supplies in series & parallel

To increase the current or voltage rating of power supply system, it is possible to connect the power supplies in series for increasing the voltage rating and connecting in parallel to increase the current rating. While connecting ensure that the models are same. Do not connect other models in series or in parallel, else there are possibilities of damaging the power supply units.

Power

Supply

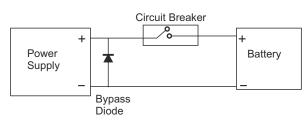
When the power supplies are connected in series the maximum output voltage will be the addition of all the units connected in series. Total maximum added output should be less than 600V.

In Remote control in analog programming care must be taken, the programming voltage fed has reference to output negative terminal and when the power supplies are in series the input programming voltage must be isolated else the power supplies connected will be short circuited through analog programming connectors return points / reference grounds.

When the power supplies are connected in parallel the current capacity gets multiplied by the number of units in parallel. There is no limit on number of power supplies connected in parallel.

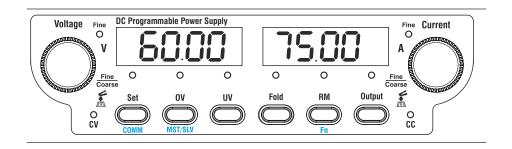
3.23 Power supply as battery charger

The PS5000 Series power supplies can be used as battery charger, CV/CC mode regulates the charging current. To protect the power supply , use a circuit breaker in series with charging cable. In the event of excess current or reverse polarity the circuit breaker will disconnect in very short time. The circuit breaker should have double the battery voltage and fast acting (normally type Z). In case of accidental polarity reversal large amount of current will flow through the power supply, which will damage the power supply. A bypass diode should be connected in parallel to output terminal to protect the power supply. The diode should be of higher rating and should have high heat dissipating capability.



Chapter 4 Menu controls

The most of the functions are enbelled and controlled through Menu setting. The front panel has six push button switches and two encoders.



The front panel controls are ergonomically arranged to ease in operation. Apart from the two encoders on either sides named as Voltage and Current are used to select the modes and parameters, while in Menu selection.

The text controls written in black above the push buttons offers direct settings in regular use of power supply. The second line text in Blue/Cyan color offer control for setting communication modes and parameters. They are IO selections and their parameters for example setting address, baud rates etc.

On following pages, menu settings are described. Follow the sequence of pressing of push buttons as described. By pressing any of push button assigned function is selected. If you press it again, the display will return the previous displayed value with updates. If the push button is left as it is, menu will get exit automatically after predefined time, it's approx. 10 seconds.

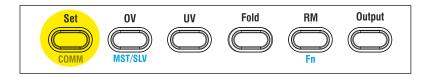
4.1 Power ON switching

With default or factory setting, when the power supply is switched ON, the display indicates " OP OFF"



Functions are explained below;

4.2 Voltage & Current setting: To set the desired voltage or current, press "set" push button, the set LED will light and the display will show previous voltage current set values.





To set the new value of voltage, rotate Voltage encoder until the desired value. Similarly to set the new value

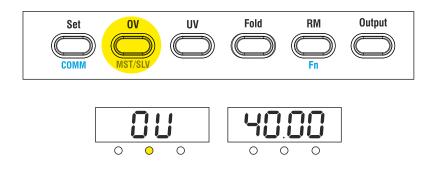
of current, rotate Current encoder until the desired value.

The voltage and current can also be set, changed in output ON condition.

The encoder when moved one step changes value on third digit (coarse), to increase the resolution, press the encoder switch again, the resolution will changed to second digit (medium) Fine LED green will lit, to increase the further to first digit (fine) press encoder once more Fine LED will lit to yellow. With next pressing encoder will return to resolution at third digit. The default step resolution is at third digit.

4.3 Over Voltage setting

To set the Over Voltage protection value, press "OV" push button. OV LED will light and display will show the previous over voltage set value.



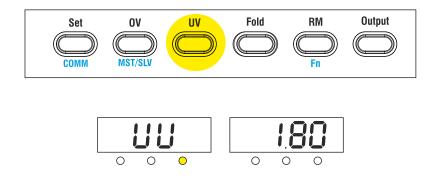
To set the new over voltage protraction value, rotate voltage encoder. The new changing value is displayed on right window. You can change the encoder resolution in coarse, medium or fine by pressing voltage encoder switch.

The minimum Over voltage can be set to approx. 105 % the set voltage or 1V. You can not set over voltage value lower than 1 V. The maximum over voltage can be set to approximately 105 % of the maximum settable voltage.

When Over voltage protection is not required it should be set to the maximum value.

4.4 Under Voltage setting

To set the Under Voltage protection value, press "UV" push button. UV LED will light and display will show the previous under voltage set value.

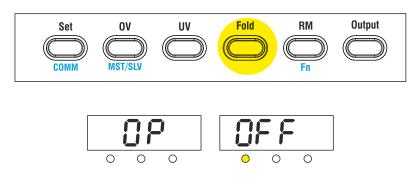


To set the new under voltage limit value, rotate voltage encoder. The new changing value is display on right window. You can change the encoder resolution in coarse, medium or fine by pressing voltage encoder switch. The maximum under voltage can be set to approx. 95 % the set voltage. The minimum under voltage value can be set to 0 V.

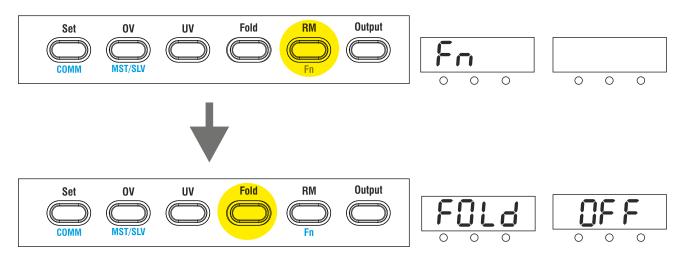
4.5 Fold back protection

To enable Fold back protection, you have set the parameters enable, disable, desired delay time, Fold function on CV or CC. These parameters are set with "Fn" function button.

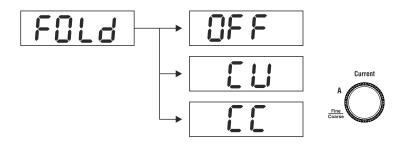
The Fold menu is selected by pressing the "Fn" push button, followed by "Fold" push button. Once this function is selected the Fold LED will light. This function can be enabled or disabled in output ON or OFF conditions.



Select Fold menu by pressing the "Fn" push button, followed by "Fold" push button.



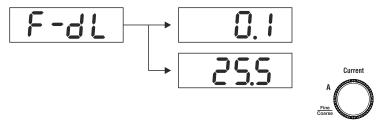
By varying current encoder mode, Fold function in CV or CC mode is selected. To switch off the Fold, select "Off".



Similarly, desired delay time can be set for Fold function, by varying voltage encoder, select "F-dL".



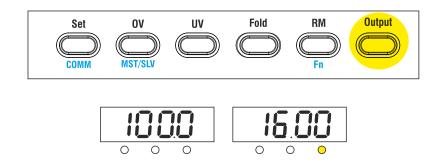
By varying current encoder, delay time from 0.1s to 25.5 s can selected.



To save the settings, press "Fold" button, which will exist the menu.

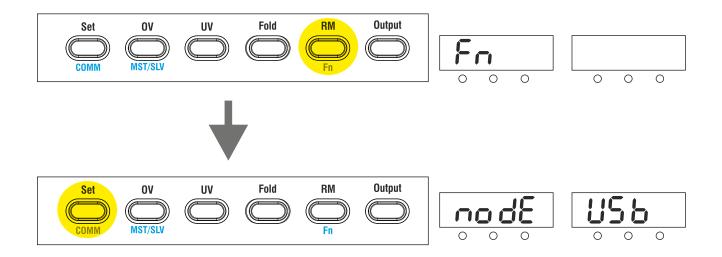
4.6 Output On / OFF

To enable the output, press "Output" push button. The output LED will light. The display will show the measured output voltage and current. While the output is ON, you can change the voltage and current by encoders. You can also access "Set", "OV", "UV" and "Fold" menu in output ON state.

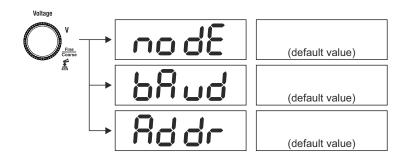


4.7 Communication set menu

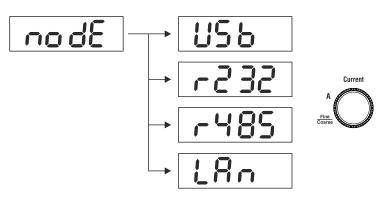
The communication menu is selected by pressing the "Fn" push button, followed by "COMM" push button. This menu is active only in output OFF condition and Local mode.



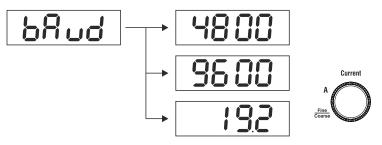
By varying voltage encoder you can select mode, baud and address.



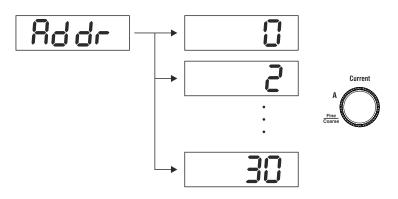
By varying current encoder mode parameters can be changed when mode is selected, from USB, Rs232, RS485 & LAN.



By varying current encoder baud parameters can be changed from 1200,2400, 4800, 9600 and 19.2k when baud is selected.

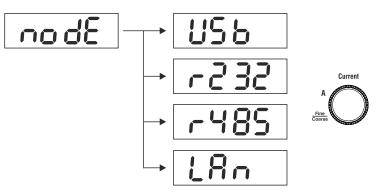


By varying current encoder address can be changed when Address is selected. The address range is 1 to 32.



Setting LAN Parameters

Select Mode to LAN with voltage encoder knob.



Default LAN settings are ;

IPAddress: 192.168.100.29 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Gateway: 192.168.100.1

Port : 5000

LAN parameters can be changed from USB, RS232 or Rs485. Connect the port with the help of appropriate cable, and send the following commands, using any GUI application such as Terminal, Hercules etc.

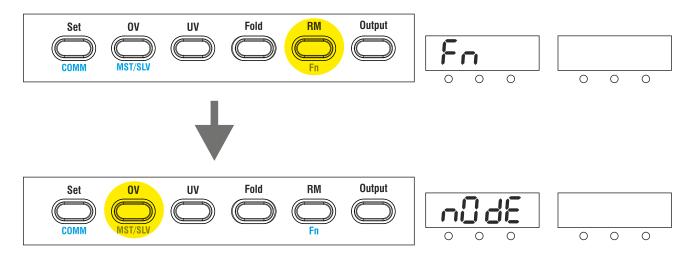
IPAddress: SO:IP xxx.xxx.xxx	(Ex. SO:IP 192.168.100.26)
Subnet Mask: SO:Sn xxx.xxx.xxx	(Ex. SO:SN 255.255.255.0)
Gateway SO:GW xxx.xxx.xxx	(Ex. SO:GW 192.168.100.1)

After setting all the parameters, the power supply unit must be restarted to update / applied settings.

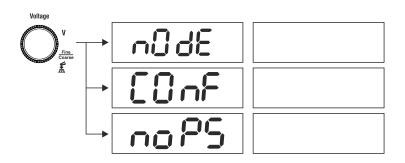
To control the power supply unit, all the SCPI commands can be used. Refer "Chapter 5 Communication interface protocol".

4.8 Master / Salve menu

The Master / Salve menu is selected by pressing the "Fn" push button, followed by "MST/SLV" push button. This menu is active only in output OFF condition and in Local mode.

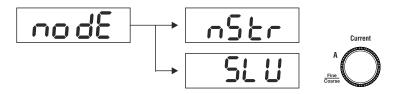


By varying voltage encoder you can select Mode, Configuration or number of power supply units.

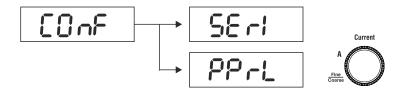


Once the mode or configuration or number of power supply units, their respective parameters can be set with the help of current encoder.

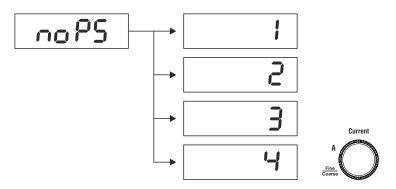
With Mode selected , by varying current encoder you can Master or Slave power supply units.



With Configuration selected, by varying current encoder you can select Series or Parallel connections of power supply units.



When number of power supplies is selected, by varying current encoder you can select 1, 2, 3, or 4, units

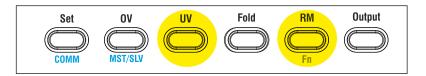


To save the settings, press MST/SLV button, which will save and exit the menu.

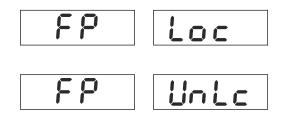
4.9 Front panel lock

You can lock the front panel of power supply, to protect the settings against any accidental change of functioning of any push button pressed or encoder settings.

To select this function, press push button "Fn" and then "UV" in sequence, the display will show FP in left window and L_{oc} in right window.



To unlock the front panel , press push button "Fn" and then press "UV" in sequence, the display will show FP in left window and UnL_c in right window. the panel will be unlocked.



Chapter 5 Communication interface protocol

The power supply series PS5000 has communication command words, which includes some of SCPI (Standard Commands for Programming Instruments).

Followings are guidelines, to enable End User program to set up communication between the power supply unit and the host (computer).

- The syntax commands may be sent, in any case, lower, upper or mixed.
- The first command to be sent, is power supply unit address.
- Commands with? is a quarry and power supply unit sends a response to it.
- There should be Space between the command and argument.
- The data string is 8 bit, 1 start bit and 1 stop bit.
- No parity bit is used.
- End of massage is Carriage Return (ASCII 13) or \r\n.
- On every command sent to power supply unit is acknowledged by OK or with argument reply.

5.1 SCPI Commands:

These commands are not case sensitive, use complete SCPI text command in full. The power supply when connected in remote control, the first command is CH <PS_address>. Setting the power supply address is explained in xxxxx on page xxx. The front panel of power supply will be locked and Remote LED will light, which indicates, the power supply is in remote control mode.

5.1.1. Remote mode enable

This command is used to connect the power supply in remote mode.

Syntax: CH <PS_address>

Power supply returns : CH <PS_address> ON

PS_address is power supply address from 1 to 30. Default address value is 1.

5.1.2 Remote mode disable

This command is used to switch the Power supply in local mode form remote mode

Syntax: EXIT

Power supply returns : OK

5.1.3 Read instrument identity

This command used to identify the unit connected on remote, returns the Instrument Model number.

Syntax: *IDN?

Power supply returns: PS5000 Series Vx.xx S/N : xxxxxx

Examples shown above is in case of PS5000 Series. Return reply indicates instrument model DCX60M26 is connected.

5.1.4 Set output voltage

This command is used to set the output voltage of power supply.

Syntax: SO:VO <xx.xxx>

Power supply return : OK

xx.xxxx is set voltage numeric value in Volts, e.g. 10.0500. It may be full number or with decimal values. The set value is displayed on the power supply front panel for few seconds and disappears. The display returns to its previous position.

5.1.5 Set output current

This command is used to set the output current of power supply.

Syntax: SO:CU <xx.xxx> Power supply returns : OK

xx.xxxx is set current numeric value in Amperes. It may be full number or with decimal values. The set value is displayed on the power supply front panel for few seconds and disappears. The display returns to its previous position.

5.1.6 Set Under Voltage limit

This command is used to set the under voltage limit.

Syntax: SO:UV <xx.xxx> Power supply returns : OK

xx.xxxx is set voltage numeric value in Volts. It may be full number or with decimal values. The UV setting range is from 0V to 5% less than the present set value e.g. in PS5000 Series the set value is 400 V, the UV can be set from 0 V to 380V (400V -5%). The set value is displayed on the power supply front panel for few seconds and disappears. The display returns to its previous position.

5.1.7 Set Over Voltage protection

This command is used to set the over voltage protection.

Syntax: SO:OV <xx.xxx> Power supply returns : OK

xx.xxxx is set voltage numeric value in Volts. It may be full number or with decimal values. The OV setting range is from 5% above the present V set value to maximum of Vrated approx. e.g. in PS5000 Series the V rated is 600V, and the present set value is 400V then OV can be set from 420V (400V + 5%) to 600V. The set value is displayed on the power supply front panel for few seconds and disappears. The display returns to its previous position.

5.1.8 Set output On / OFF

This command is used to ON/OFF the output of power supply

To switch ON the output;

Syntax: OUTP 1 Power supply returns : OK

To switch OFF the output;

Syntax: OUTP 0 Power supply returns: OK

5.1.9 Read set voltage

This command returns the set voltage of power supply. Syntax: SO:VO? Power supply returns: xx.xxxx

for example 10.0000, this means the output voltage is 10.0000 V.

5.1.10 Read set current

This command returns the set current of power supply.

Syntax: SO:CU?

Power supply returns : xx.xxxx

for example 10.0000, this means the output current is 10.0000 A.

5.1.11 Read Under Voltage set limit

This command returns the under voltage set limit of power supply.

Syntax: SO:UV?

Power supply returns : xx.xxxx

for example 10.0000, this means the under voltage set is 10.0000 V.

5.1.12 Read Over Voltage protection set

This command returns the over voltage protection set of power supply.

Syntax: SO:OV?

Power supply returns : xx.xxxx

for example 10.0000, this means the over voltage protection is set to 10.0000 V.

5.1.13 Read measured output voltage

This command returns the measured output voltage of power supply.

Syntax: VOLT?

Power supply returns : xx.xxxx

for example 10.0000 is measured output voltage.

5.1.14 Read measured output current

This command returns the measured output current of power supply.

Syntax: CURR?

Power supply returns : xx.xxxx

for example 10.0000, this means the measured output current is 10.0000 A.

5.1.15 Read measured output power

This command is used to read the measured output power of the power supply in watts.

Syntax: POWER?

Power supply returns : xx.xxxx for example 500.000, this means the total output power delivered is 500.000 watts.

5.1.16 Read complete power supply status

This command is used to read complete power supply status

Syntax: STT?

Power supply returns : MV(XX.XX), PV(XX.XX), MC(XX.XX), PC(XX.XX), SR (XX.XX), FR(XX.XX),

5.1.17 Mode

This command is used to check mode.

Syntax: MODE?

Power supply returns : OFF/CV/CC

for example -CC

5.1.18 Reset

This command is used to bring power supply to safe and non state. Output voltage and current Zero, , Auto start off, Output off, OVP maximum, Fold off, UVL zero, Remote : non lockout remote

Syntax: RST

Power supply returns : OK

5.1.19 Fold back enable / disable

This command is used to ENABLE/DISABLE the fold back protection of power supply.

To enable Fold back;

Syntax: FOLD 1

Power supply returns : OK

The power supply will be enable CC mode

Syntax: FOLD 2

Power supply returns: OK

The power supply will be enable in CV mode

To disable Fold back;

Syntax: FOLD 0

Power supply returns: OK

To check status Fold back

Syntax: FOLD?

Power supply returns: OFF / CC / CV

5.1.20 Add seconds to fold back delay

This command is used to add(nn x 0.1) seconds to the Fold back delay. This delay is in addition to the standard delay.

Syntax: FBD nn

Power supply returns : OK

5.1.21 Reset fold back delay

This command is used to to reset the added Fold back delay to zero.

Syntax: FBDRST

Power supply returns : OK

5.1.22 Read measured internal temperature

This command is used to read the internal temperature of power supply.

Syntax: TEMP?

Power supply returns : xxx.x °C

for example 100.0°C, this means the internal temperature of power supply unit is 100.0°C.

5.1.23 Status?

This command returns the hex value of status.

0xXX

Status Register

bit 7	bit 0
-------	-------

Bit	Status	OK	Fault
0	Interlock Status	1	0
1	PS OK Status	1	0
2	ACF Status	1	0
3	OTP (Over temperature)	1	0
4	OVP (Over Voltage)	1	0
5	FOLD Status	1	0
6	OP (Output ON/OFF) Status	1	0
7	CV-CC Status	CC=1	CV=0

5.1.24 Read LAN configuration

This command is used to read the LAN / Ethernet configuration.

Syntax: ETH:Config?

This command returns LAN / Ethernet configuration details. e.g.

Port: 5000 IP : 192.168.100.29 SB:255.255.255.0 GW:192.168.100.1

5.1.25 Ethernet IP Configuration

This command is used to set Ethernet IP address.

Syntax: SO:IP <value>

Power supply returns : OK

for example -SO:IP xxx.xxx.xxx.xx

5.1.26 Ethernet Subnet mask

This command is used to set Ethernet subnet mask.

Syntax: SO:SN <value>

Power supply returns : OK

for example -SO:SN xxx.xxx.xxx.xx

5.1.27 Ethernet Gateway

This command is used to set Ethernet Gateway

Syntax: SO:GW <value>

Power supply returns : OK

for example -SO:GW xxx.xxx.xxx.xx

Chapter 6 Maintenance

There are no user serviceable part inside the power supply unit. The instrument is carefully tested and calibrated using standards traceable to National Laboratories. To prevent electrical shock, do not remove cover. If you have any questions concerning the maintenance or operation, contact Scientific Customer Support or nearest dealer to you.

No User internal calibration is required during the operational life time of power supply unit. Do not open the power supply unit cover, there exists high voltage points on the PCB circuitry. Only qualified and trained technical person understanding the potential hazards is expected to handle the inside faults if any. In such case we recommend to send the power supply unit to Scientific for service and repairs.

In case of power supply failure, when it needs service / repairs , there is no User repairs or replaceable parts inside the power supply unit. No User replaceable parts are listed in this manual. Repairs are only made by manufacturer or by authorized service facilities.

No periodic maintenance is required except to take care of your instrument by cleaning the exterior of the instrument regularly with a dusting brush. Dirt which is difficult to remove on the casing & plastic parts, can be removed with a moist cloth (99% water, 1% mild detergent) spirit or washing benzene(petroleum ether) can be used to remove greasy dirt. Under no circumstances the cleaning fluid should get into the instrument. The use of cleaning agents can attack the plastic & paint surfaces.

6.1 Troubleshooting

These power supply units are designed for continuous use, as such there are very less probabilities of failures. However, in the event of failure following first hand troubleshooting will help to diagnosis the problem. If the problem is still not solved, please contact nearest dealer to you or Scientific Customer Support giving full details.

	Problem Symtoms	Checks and solutions	
1	No Output	1.1	When power switch is ON no display , no output. Check the mains cord continuity. if faulty replace.
		1.2	Display is ON, but no output even pressing output button to ON. Check if the output cable is shorted. if faulty replace.
		1.3	Check if sense block wires are open or wrongly wired. if yes place it correctly S+ to positive and S– to negative bus outputs.
		1.4	Check if voltage and current both encoders are set to zeroes, if yes move encoders to desired values.
		1.5	Check the OV LED lights, if yes over voltage has occurred, remove the conditions and reset the over voltage protection by pressing Output push button.
		1.6	Check for the Over temperature conditions, if yes remove the conditions and reset the output by pressing output push button.
		1.7	Check for fold back, if yes remove the condition , or disable the fold back mode.

	Problem Symtoms		Checks and solutions		
2	Voltage and or Current encoder does not work	2.1	Check if the power supply Remote LED is ON, if yes press and release Remote mode.		
		2.2	Check if voltage and or current analog programming is selected from rear panel SW1 DIP switch setting. if yes, move the switch to local mode.		
		2.3	Check if the front panel is locked, if locked , release it from Menu setting		
		2.4	Check if the over voltage and under voltage limits		
3	Remote Programming does not work	3.1	Check if the power supply unit IO connecting cable is correct and in working condition, if faulty replace it.		
		3.2	Check if the Remote LED on front panel is OFF, this means remote is not enabled from remote host.		
		3.3	Check if , in analog programming, DC offset is present in the programming voltages. if yes , reduce it or use floated / isolated programming input signals.		
4	Output voltage is higher than set value	4.1	Check if the sense wires are open at sense block or at load end if used remote sensing. If yes re-wire the same.		
		4.2	Check if the output cable is too long and of lower rating. Reduce the output cable to the possible length and increase the cable capacity using higher cross section cable.		
5	High Ripple voltage present of output	5.1	Check if the sense wires are open and output cable is too long. if sense wires open, re-connect the sense wire.		
		5.2	Check if Remote sense is used and sense wires are too long and hanging. if yes, optimize the wire lengths and use twisted pair for sense wires.		
6	Load current not shared in Master- Slave mode	6.1	Check if the connecting Master-Slave cable is faulty, if yes replace it.		
		6.2	Check if Slave is not selected in Master-Slave selection menu.		
7	There is no Fuse visible	7.1	There is no user replaceable fuse in the power supply. Only inside power supply unit there are fuses to protect the fault conditions. In case of these gets open, only Scientific qualified or authorized trained personal should replace the fuse.		
8	Others	8.1	If fault still persist, the power supply unit should be sent to Scientific for necessary repairs. Please follow the instructions given in Dispatch procedure for servicing the power supply units on next page, before sending the unit.		

Chapter 7 Dispatch procedure for service & warrantee

7.1 Dispatch procedure for service

No user serviceable parts are inside the instrument, should it become necessary to send back the instrument to factory for service, please observe the following procedure :

Before dispatching the instrument please write to us giving full details of the fault noticed.

- 1. After receipt of your communication, our service department will advise you whether it is necessary to send the instrument back to us for repairs or the adjustment is possible in your premises.
- 2. Dispatch the instrument (only on the receipt of our advise) securely packed in original packing duly insured and freight paid along with accessories and a copy of the faults details noticed at our Service Center or factory.

7.2 Warranty conditions

Scientific warrants all its Instruments to be free from defects in material and workmanship when used under normal operating conditions in accordance with the instructions given in the manual for a period of 12 (Twelve) months from date of purchase from Scientific or its authorized dealers. The service during the warranty period will be rendered on return to factory/service center basis.

- 1. Its obligation under this warranty is limited to repairing or replacing at its own discretion. This warranty shall not apply to any defect, failure or damage caused by accident, negligence, mis-application, alteration or attempt to repair, service or modify in any way.
- 2. This warranty does not include display, fuses, batteries or accessories. This warranty is only valid with the original purchaser who must have properly registered the product within 15 days from date of purchase. No other warranty is expressed or implied.
- 3. When it becomes necessary to return the instrument to our Factory facility, kindly pack it carefully in the original carton or equivalent and ship it duly insured, transportation charges prepaid.
- 4. Your Scientific instrument is a complex electronic device and deserves the best service available by technicians thoroughly familiar with its service and calibration procedures.